SECIFICATION

Title of invention:

Coupled computers and a method of coupling computers

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION:

The present invention relates to coupled computers forming coupled computers consisting of computers capable of conducting transfer of a large of number of data with each other, and a method of coupling the computers.

It has been heretofore carried out that a large number of computers are coupled to form an ensemble type super computers, and this magnitude of computers is used as a server forming a data center of an ASP (Application Service Provider) or is used as a super computer performing a large scale scientific calculation. The coupling between each computer is generally served by codes.

In case where an ensemble type super computer is formed by forming a cluster connection of a large number of computers, a volume of an ensemble of an entire computer becomes an enormous size which is extremely inconvenient.

Furthermore, there was a problem that the codes coupling each computer becomes a huge volume which makes an entire accommodating space big. Moreover, there was a problem that a linking operation of each computer was extremely cumbersome and yet such operation was a time consuming one.

An object of the present invention is to solve the

foregoing problems.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION:

The present invention is to provide coupled type computers wherein a computer is coupled to another computer of an identical structure easily, and moreover, is coupled to another computer with the same structure in high density without codes.

The present invention is provided with a built-in computer components such as CPU, memory and the like in a holder formed by a polyhedron cube. This invention forms a radio propagation bus space consisting of a cavity in the interior of the holder, and a plurality of radio.electric signal interconversion elements provided with a signal identification means is installed in the holder which faces the radio propagation bus space. These radio.electric signal interconversion elements are connected to the computer components in the holder to form a holder. An opening is formed on the surface of the outside of the holder to form a hole communicating with the radio propagation bus space through a radio line. In case a plurality of the holders of the same structure are arranged to be side by side to match the holes of the holders, the radio propagation buses in the plurality of the holders are arranged mutually communicated through the matched holes, and as a result, the computer components in each holder are linked by means of the radio by the arrangement of the plurality of holders being disposed contiguous to each other.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS:

FIG. 1 shows a crossectional explanatory drawing of coupled type computers according to the present invention.

Fig. 2 shows an explanatory exterior appearance drawing of the coupled type computers according to the present invention. FIG. 3 shows a crosssectional explanatory drawing of the ensemble type computers formed by the coupled type computers according to the present invention.

FIG. 4 shows a block explanatory drawing of a radio. electric signal interconvsersion elements.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION:

The embodiments of the present invention will be described in details by referring to attached drawings in the following.

In FIG. 1, numeral (2) shows coupled type computers, wherein computer components necessary for constituting a server such as a plurality of CPU (6) (central processing unit), memory (8), switching regulator (not shown) and the like are built in a cubic holder consisting of silicone and other similar materials.

A radio propagation bus space (10) consisting of a spherical cavity is formed in the center of the interior of the holder (4). A plurality of radio.electric signal interconversion elements (12) are disposed in the inside of the holder (4) which faces the radio propagation bus space (10), and an interface unit (14) of each radio.electric signal interconversion element (12) is connected to an input/output of the components of the computer such as corresponding CPU (6),

memory (8), and the like. A plurality of radio lines (16) consisting of columnar holes are formed on the cubic holders (4).

The opening portion of each radio line (16) opens to the center of each hexahedron of the holder (4), and each radio line (16) is communicated with the radio propagation bus space (10) of the inside of the holder (4). The radio propagation bus space (10) and the radio line (16) constitute a radio propagation space for propagating the radio (including light) emitted from the radio electric signal interconversion element (12) in the predetermined direction while reflecting it.

The radio.electric signal interconversion element (12) comprises an interface unit (14), a transmission/reception signal processing unit (18), a feeding unit (20), and a transmission/reception microarray antenna (22), and those units are chipped, and are fixed to the holder (4). The transmission/reception signal processing unit (18) constitutes a signal discrimination means for performing an extraction of a identification information contained in the reception signal and a selection of the reception signal. Furthermore, the transmission/reception signal processing unit (18) performs an error processing of the transmission/reception signal and multipass and a fusing countermeasure and the like.

In the foregoing construction, a plurality of the CPU (6) memories (8) in the single holder (4) are mutually connected in spacewise manner by means of the radio propagation bus space (10), and as a whole, forms a parallel computer.

In the single holder (4), the CPU (6) sends the radio to the opposite CPU (6) through the radio.electric signal interconversion element (12) and also receives the reception signal from the opposite CPU (6) through the radio.electric signal interconversion element (12).

At this time, a signal processing unit (18) of the radio. electric signal interconversion element (12) connected to a plurality of the CPU (6) that handle the information processes ID information, channel, time slot and selects receiving unit. The memory (8) can be read and written from the CPU (6) by the radio propagating over the radio propagation bus space (10) as if it is connected to the bus.

As the FIG. 3 shows each of a plurality of the holders (4) of the same structures, when they are laid one on top of another and being adjacent to each other, which constitutes a cubic shape as a whole, and the radio lines (16) opening to the adjacent surfaces of the adjacent holder (4) are mutually in tight contact and are communicated whereby the radio propagation bus spaces (10) of the inside of the adjacent holders (4) are mutually communicated.

A computer component of one holder (4) among a plurality of the holders (4) that are coupled like a pair to form a cubic shape can mutually perform an exchange of data of the computer component of the desired another holder (4) through the radio line (16) and the radio propagation bus space (10).

As shown in FIG. 3, the radio (24) propagated from the #1 CPU (6) one holder (4) among a many holders (4) through

the radio.electric signal interconversion element (12) is transmitted to the desired #2 CPU (6) while reflecting the radio propagation space formed by the radio propagation bus space (10) and the radio line (16).

In the radio propagation space where a plurality of holders (4) are mutually communicated, a medium for cooling is caused to flow, and the computer component such as the CPU (6) or the memory (8) and the like which approaches or faces the cavity, namely, the radio propagation bus space (10) are cooled. Furthermore, a power source energy is fed to the radio propagation bus spaces (16) and cavity (10) using the radio, and the power source energy is supplied to the computer component such as each CPU (6) or memory (8) and the like through the radio.electric signal interconversion element (12).

For reference, in this embodiment, the shape of the holder is assumed to be of cubic type, but it is not particurly limited to the cube, and any shape may be chosen as long as the cavity (10) is provided for joint use through the radio line (16) in each holder.

The present invention has been constructed as described in the foregoing, and there are many effects such as a great many computers can be coupled in high density in a compact space, and moreover the codeless mode can be applied to this system.